## **2018 MDSGC Student Research Symposium**

# Emissions Characteristics Study of Conventional and Alternative Aviation Fuels

Intern: Cameron Underwood, University of Maryland, Baltimore County

Co-Participant: Christopher Taylor, Morgan State University

Mentor: Dr. Seong Lee, Morgan State University

## **Conventional Jet Fuels vs Renewable Biofuels**

Purpose: Explore whether biofuels are a suitable replacement to conventional jet fuels while mitigating negative impacts of fuel combustion on environment

Areas of Interest:

- The Combustion Process and Reactions
- Comparing Fuel Properties of Various Fuels
- Emissions Output of Conventional Jet Fuels vs Renewable Biofuels



#### ELSEVIER

Fig. 1 Elsevier, major source of research publications

#### **Research Process**

- Read Articles on Fuel Properties, Emissions, Effects of Mixing on Performance
- Collection and Comparison of Fuel Properties

#### Preparation

- C491 Machine Calibration
- Collection of Fuel Samples





Fig. 3 Christopher Taylor gathering emissions data

#### Experimentation

 Testing of Fuels and Analysis of Experiment Results

Fig. 2 Trip to Martin State Airport for Jet A samples

# **Combustion Process**

Ideal Reaction: 
$$C_XH_X+O_2 \Rightarrow H_2O + CO_2$$

Other Significant Reactants:

Other Significant Reactions:

- $N_2$   $N_2(g) + O_2(g) \Rightarrow 2NO(g)$
- $H_2S$   $2H_2S(g) + 3O_2(g) \Rightarrow 2SO_2(g) + 2H_2O(l)$
- NO  $CH_4(g) + O_2(g) \Rightarrow C(s) + 2H_2O(g)$
- C  $2C(s) + O_2(g) \Rightarrow 2CO(g)$

## **Comparison of Fuel Properties**

Jet A Fuel	Biofuel
Density: (@15ºC) 775/840 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Higher
Viscosity: (@-20°C) 8.0 mm/s	Higher
Freezing Point: -40°C	Lower
Flash Point: 38°C	Varies
Specific Enthalpy: 42.8 MJ/kg	Varies

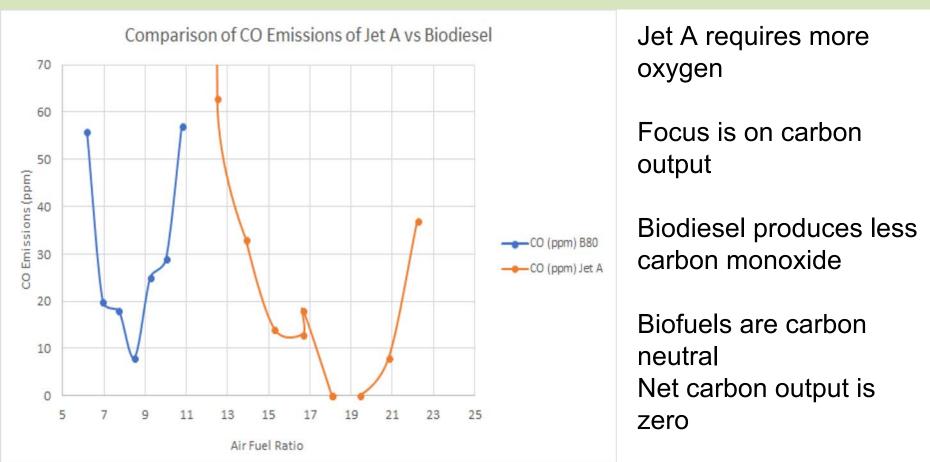
#### **Experimental Setup**



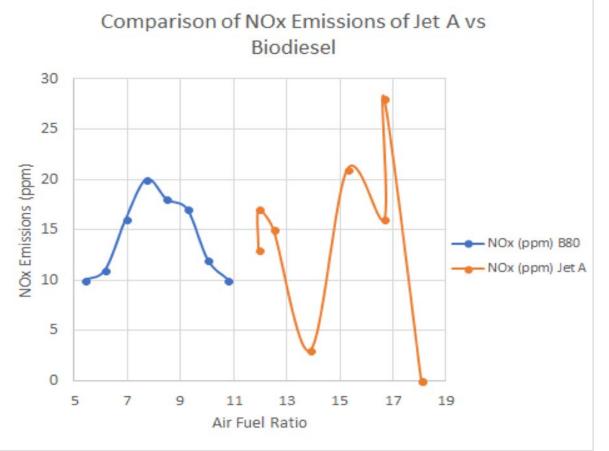
Fig.4 Enerac 500 Micro Emissions Analyzer Fig.5 C491 Combustion Laboratory Unit



## **Comparison of Emissions: Carbon Monoxide**



## Comparison of Emissions: Nitric Oxide



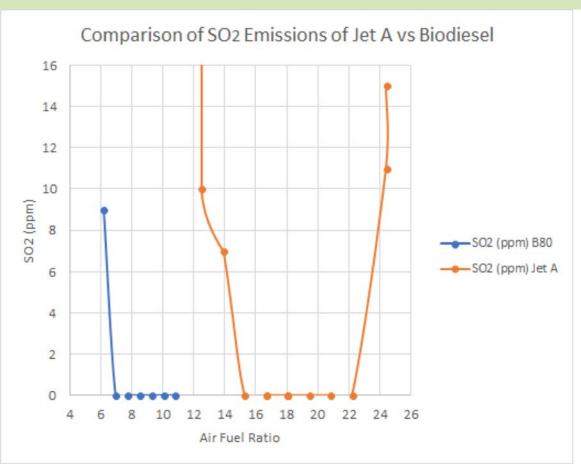
Average NO emissions are relatively similar.

Neither fuel proves better for environment in terms of NO emissions

Neither fuel produced a measurable amount of NO2

Air is the source of nitrogen. More air more nitric oxide

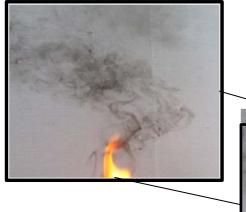
## Comparison of Emissions: Sulfur Dioxide



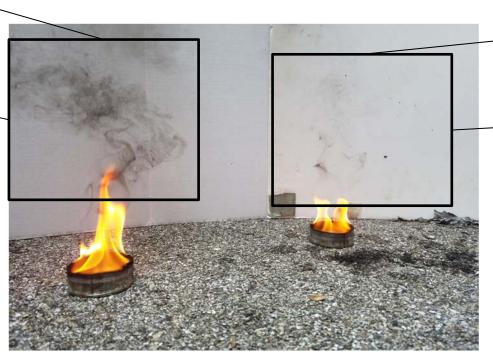
Impurities in fuel contain traces of sulfur resulting in SO2 emissions during combustion

Despite restrictions on sulfur content, Jet A still releases significant SO<sub>2</sub> emissions

In contrast biofuels emit less SO2 and don't incur further refinement costs



#### Ignition and Burn Demonstration





B80 (right container) burns visibly cleaner than Jet A (left container)

## Conclusion

Biofuels successfully tested and proved to be a suitable replacement for conventional jet fuels while simultaneously producing less harmful emissions. Still, there are some tradeoffs.

Benefits:

- Lower impact on the environment
- Good lubricant for engine parts

Problems:

- Poor low temperature fuel flow properties
- Thick biofuels can clog fuel filters

Potential Future Work:

and put extra strain on fuel pumps

- Research on the tradeoffs between emissions and power output
- Fuel efficiency of conventional jet fuels vs biofuels

#### **References and Acknowledgements**

"Elsevier Logo." *Elsevier*, <u>www.elsevier.com/</u>.

"Chapter 20 The Main Group Elements: II." *Chemistry: Molecules, Matter, and Change*, by Loretta L. Jones and Peter William. Atkins, 3rd ed., W.H. Freeman, 2003, pp. 752–779.

Brown, Theodore L, et al. *Chemistry The Central Science*. 8th ed., Prentice Hall, 2000.

Masterton, William L., et al. *Chemistry*. Holt, Rinehart, Winston , 1980.

"Aviation Fuel – Jet A/Jet A-1." *ExxonMobil Aviation*, www.exxonmobil.com/en/aviation/products-andservices/products/jet-a-jet-a-1. MDSGC Program Office Staff (Dr. Henry, Dr. Collinge, Ms. Dillard-Ewing)

Dr. Chen, Morgan State University

Morgan State University CAESECT Lab Staff: Dr. Seong Lee

Xuejun Qian

Moses Chendi

Raghul Kumar

Yulai Yang

Christropher Taylor

Marcial Tienteu

#### Thanks and Q&A!!!



Research Lab Team Members at Morgan State University